

of اسباب, which is the reading commonly known, and given in the § and TA in art. سب, and in the TA in art. رقى. (.) اُحْمَقُ مِنْ صَاحِبِ ضَأْنِ ثَمَانِينَ [More stupid than an owner of eighty sheep], (§, K,) or the thin skin (مُرْبَطَاءً) between the navel and the hair of the pubes: (M, K:) or the hair of the pubes, (T, M, K,) itself. (M.) — And, of a horse (T, §, M, K) and the like, (T, §, K,) The fetlock; i. e. the hairs on the hinder part of the pastern-joint, (T, §, M, K,) hanging down (§, M) over the part called أُمُّ الْقِرْدَانِ so as nearly to reach the ground: (§:) pl. ثُنُنٌ. (§, M.) —

ثَمَانِيَةٌ and ثَمِينَةٌ and ثَمِينَةٌ and ثَمِينَةٌ: see ثَمَانِيَةٌ, last sentence but one.

ثَامِنٌ [Eighth: fem. with ة]. (§, K, &c.) — [ثَامِنَةٌ عَشْرَةٌ and ثَامِنٌ عَشْرٌ, the former masc. and the latter fem., meaning Eighteenth, are subject to the same rules as ثَالِثٌ عَشْرٌ and its fem., explained in art. ثَلَاثٌ, q. v.] — اِبِلٌ ثَوَامِنٌ [the latter word pl. of ثَامِنَةٌ] Camels that come to water on the eighth night [after the next preceding watering]: from ثَمُنٌ. (TA.)

أَثْمَنٌ Of more [and of most] price or value. (§.)

مُثْمِنٌ Sold for a price: (Msb:) or having a price named for it, and assigned to it. (Mgh.) [See also ثَمِينٌ.]

ثَمِينٌ: see ثَمِينٌ.

مُثْمِنَةٌ A مَخْلَاةٌ [or nose-bag]: (IAar, T:) or the like thereof. (§.)

مُثْمِنٌ Octangular. (§, K.) — A verse composed of eight feet. (TA.) = Collected together. (T, TA.) = Poisoned; syn. مَسْمُومٌ. (K.) = Fevered; syn. مَسْمُومٌ. (K.)

ثن

2. ثَنَّ *He* (a horse) lifted his ثَنَّةٌ [or fetlock] so that it did not touch the ground in his running, by reason of his briskness, or lightness: (M:) [or] his ثَنَّةٌ touched the ground in consequence of his being ridden by a heavy person. (T.)

4. اِثَنَّ *He* (a weak old man) became wasted and worn out. (K.)

5. ثَنَّ *He* pastured, or fed, upon ثَنَّ [q. v.]. (T.)

ثَنَّ Dry herbage: (§:) or dry herbage when it lies heaped together, one part upon another: (T:) or dry herbage, (K,) or what has become dried up of حَلِيٌّ and بَهِيٌّ and حَمِضٌ, (M,) when it is much in quantity, and lies heaped together, one part upon another: or what has become black of any branches, or twigs; not consisting of بَقْلٌ nor of عَشْبٌ: (M, K:) or dry herbage broken in pieces: (IDrd, M:) or [simply] herbage, or pasture: (Th, M:) or herbage that is weak, and soft, or easily broken. (IJ.)

ثَنَّ, of a human being, (Lth, T,) The part below the navel, (Lth, T, M,) above, (Lth, T,) or

extending to, (M,) the hair of the pubes, (Lth, T, M,) in the lower part of the belly; (Lth, T;) the part between the navel and the hair of the pubes: (§:) or the thin skin (مُرْبَطَاءً) between the navel and the hair of the pubes: (M, K:) or the hair of the pubes, (T, M, K,) itself. (M.) — And, of a horse (T, §, M, K) and the like, (T, §, K,) The fetlock; i. e. the hairs on the hinder part of the pastern-joint, (T, §, M, K,) hanging down (§, M) over the part called أُمُّ الْقِرْدَانِ so as nearly to reach the ground: (§:) pl. ثُنُنٌ. (§, M.) —

ثَنَّ Numerous, or abundant, and tangled, or luxuriant, plants or herbage. (T, K.)

ثنتان

ثَنِي ثَنَانٍ fem. of اِثْنَانٍ, which see in art. ثنى.

ثندا and ثند

ثُنْدُوَةٌ and ثُنْدُوَةٌ and ثُنْدُوَةٌ and ثُنْدُوَةٌ: see art. ثندا.

ثنو

اِثْنَوِيٌّ: ثَنَوِيَّةٌ and ثَنَوِيٌّ: ثَنَوِيٌّ and ثَنَوِيٌّ: ثَنَوِيٌّ: see art. ثنى.

ثنى

1. ثَنَاهُ, (T, §, M, Mgh, Msb, K,) said in the K to be like سَعَى, implying that the aor. is ثَنَى, but this is a mistake, (MF, TA,) [for it is well known that] the aor. is ثَنَى, (Msb,) inf. n. ثَنِيٌّ, (§, M, Msb, &c.,) *He* doubled it, or folded it; (T;) *he* turned one part of it upon another; (M, K;) *he* bent it; (T, §, Mgh, Msb, TA;) *he* drew, or contracted, one of its two extremities to [or towards] the other; or joined, or adjoined, one of them to the other; thus bending it; (Mgh;) namely, a stick, or branch, or twig, (Mgh,) or a thing, (T, §, M, Msb, K,) of any kind. (T.) One says of a man with the mention of whom one begins, in relation to an honourable or a praiseworthy quality, or in relation to science or knowledge, بِهِ ثَنَى الْخِصَائِرَ, (T,) meaning *With* [the mention of] *him*, (T, and Msb in art. خَصْرٌ,) among others of his class, (Msb ib.,) *the little fingers are bent*. (T, and Msb ubi suprâ. [For the Arabs, in counting with the fingers, first bend the tip of the little finger down to the palm of the hand; then, the tip of the next; and so on; bending the thumb down upon the other fingers for five; and then continue by extending the fingers, one after another, again commencing with the little finger.] And a poet says,

فَإِنْ عَدَّ مَجْدًا أَوْ قَدِيرًا لِبَعْشَرٍ
فَقَوْمِي بِهِرٍ ثَنَى هُنَاكَ لِأَصَابِعٍ

[And if glory, or any old ground of pretension to

honour, be reckoned as belonging to a body of men, it is my people, with the mention of them, in that case, the fingers are bent]; meaning that they are reckoned as the best; (IAar, M;) for the best are not many. (M.) One says also, ثَنَى وَرِكَهَ فَتَزَلَّ [lit. *He bent his hip, and alighted*], meaning he alighted from his beast. (T.) And ثَنَى رِجْلَهُ عَنْ دَابَّتِهِ, meaning *He drew up his leg to his thigh, and alighted*. (M.) But أَنْ قَبْلَ أَنْ يَنْتَبِئَ رِجْلَهُ, occurring in a trad., means *Before he turned his leg from the position in which it was* in the pronouncing of the testimony of the faith. (IAth.) ثَنَى صَدْرَهُ, aor. and inf. n. as above, [lit. *He folded his breast, or bosom*,] means *he concealed enmity in his breast, or bosom: or he folded up what was in it, in concealment*. (TA.)

It is said in the Kur [xi. 5], أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ يَنْتُونُ صُدُورَهُمْ, meaning [Now surely] they infold and conceal [in their bosoms] enmity and hatred: (Fr, T:) or they bend their breasts, or bosoms, and fold up, and conceal, what is therein: (Zj, T:) I 'Ab read, اِثْنَوِيٌّ صُدُورَهُمْ: you say, اِثْنَوِيٌّ صَدْرَهُ, meaning his breast, or bosom, infolded, or concealed, vehement hatred: (T:) or the phrase in the Kur, accord. to the former reading, means they bend, or turn, their breasts, or bosoms, from the truth; they turn themselves away therefrom: or they incline their breasts, or bosoms, to unbelief, and enmity to the Prophet: or they turn their backs: (Bd:) [for] — ثَنَاهُ, (T, §, Msb, TA,) aor. as above, (Msb,) and so the inf. n., (T, Msb, TA,) also signifies *He turned him, or it, away or back*. (T, §, Msb, TA.) Also *He turned him, or turned him away or back*, (Lth, T, §,) from the course that he desired to pursue, (Lth, T,) or from the object of his want: (§:) or you say, ثَنَاهُ عَنْ وَجْهِهِ, (Mgh,) and عَنْ حَاجَتِهِ, (TA,) and عَنْ مَرَادِهِ, (Msb,) *he* turned him, or turned him away or back, (Mgh, Msb, TA,) from his course, (Mgh,) and from the object of his want, (TA,) and from the object of his desire. (Msb.) One says also, فَلَانَ لَا يَنْتَنِي عَنْ قَرْنِهِ, meaning, accord. to Ag, as related by A 'Obeyd, *I bound both the fore legs of the camel with two bonds: but correctly, I bound the two fore legs of the camel with the two ends of a rope; the last word meaning a single rope: (T:) عَقَلْتُهُ بِثَنِيَيْنِ means I bound one of his fore shanks to the arm with two ties, or tyings. (T, M.) — ثَنَى [as inf. n. of ثَنَى] also signifies *The act of drawing, or joining, or adjoining, one [thing] to another*; (Lth, T, Mgh;) and so ثَنِيَّةٌ [inf. n. of ثَنَى]. (Mgh.) — [As ثَنَى ثَمَانِينَ signifies "he took the third of their property," and "he made them, with himself, three," and other verbs of number are used in similar senses, so] ثَنَاهُ signifies *He took the half of their property: or he drew, or adjoined, to him what became with him two: (TA:) or ثَنِيَّتَهُ, (§, Msb,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (Msb,) signifies I became (§, Msb) to him, (§,**